



# **AES aux Urgences:**

## **A l'ère du PrEP, faut-il s'attendre à une réduction ou une augmentation du nombre de cas?**

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# Trends in Condom Use and Risk Behaviours after Sexual Exposure to HIV: A Seven-Year Observational Study

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## Results

### Characteristics of the study population

We enrolled 1851 sexual exposures to HIV. Main characteristics of the entire population were: age (years)  $32.2 \pm 9$  (average 32); males 1408 (76%), females 443 (23.9%); MSM 788 (42.6%), Heterosexuals 1063 (57.4%); HIV positive status of sexual partner 232 (12.5%), negative or unknown 1619 (87.5%); Condom use: no 845 (45.7%), yes 1006 (54.3%); Arrival time to ED: 8am to 6pm: 768 (41.8%), 6pm to noon: 680 (37%), and noon to 8am: 391 (21.3%); Delay between SE and arrival in ED: <12 h: 1022 (56.1%), 12 h to 48 h: 497 (27.3%), >48 h: 303 (16.6%); Type of intercourse AR 442 (23.9%), AI 314 (17%), VR 393 (21.2%), VI 537 (29%), OR 105 (5.7%), OI 51 (2.8%), Other/Unknown 9 (0.5%).

PEP was prescribed for 1349 (72.9%).



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**Table 2.** Predictors of protected sexual intercourse (n = 1851).

	Unadjusted Logistic Regression			Multivariate Logistic Regression	
	Condom use		P	OR (95% CI)	P
	No (n (%))	Yes (n (%))			
Age groups			0.9		
<20	35 (46.7)	40 (53.3)			
≥20-<30	387 (46.6)	444 (53.4)			
≥30-<40	272 (44.2)	343 (55.8)			
≥40	151 (45.8)	179 (54.2)			
Sex			0.2		
Female	214 (48.3)	229 (51.7)			
Male	631 (44.8)	777 (55.2)			
Sexual type			0.003		<0.0000001
MSM	391 (49.6)	397 (50.4)		1	
Heterosexual	454 (42.7)	609 (57.3)		1.32 (1.07–1.63)	
Year			0.01		
2006	81 (43.1)	107 (56.9)			
2007	107 (43.5)	139 (56.5)			
2008	92 (36.4)	161 (63.6)			
2009	102 (51)	98 (49)			
2010	139 (47.9)	151 (52.1)			
2011	169 (49.7)	171 (50.1)			
2012	155 (46.4)	179 (53.6)			
Arrival time to ED			0.005		0.006
8 am to 6 pm	372 (48.4)	396 (51.6)		1	
6 pm to noon	316 (46.5)	364 (53.5)		1.2 (1.05–1.36)	
Noon to 8 am	151 (38.6)	240 (61.4)		1.43 (1.36–1.63)	
Time delay nO-SE to ED			0.00006		0.000002
<12 h	424 (41.5)	598 (60.5)		1	
12 to 48 h	243 (48.9)	254 (51.1)		0.76 (0.67–0.86)	
>48 h	166 (54.8)	137 (45.2)		0.57 (0.51–0.65)	
Sexual intercourse details					
Oral	143 (91.7)	13 (8.3)	<0.00001	1	<0.000001
Anal	330 (43.7)	426 (53.3)		4.36 (3.24–5.86)	
Vaginal	365 (39.3)	565 (60.7)		19 (14.2–25.6)	
Receptive	376 (45)	459 (55)	<0.000001		
Insertive	319 (37.5)	532 (62.5)			
AR	196 (44.3)	246 (55.7)	<0.000001		
AI	134 (42.7)	180 (57.3)			
VR	180 (45.8)	213 (54.2)			
VI	185 (34.5)	352 (65.6)			
OR	97 (92.4)	8 (7.6)			
OI	46 (90.2)	5 (9.8)			
HIV status of sexual partner			0.5		
Positive	43 (49.4)	44 (50.6)			
Unknown or negative	438 (45.6)	523 (54.4)			
PEP prescribed in the ED			0.4		
no	216 (48.1)	233 (51.9)			
yes	604 (44.8)	745 (55.2)			
no data available	25 (47.2)	28 (52.8)			

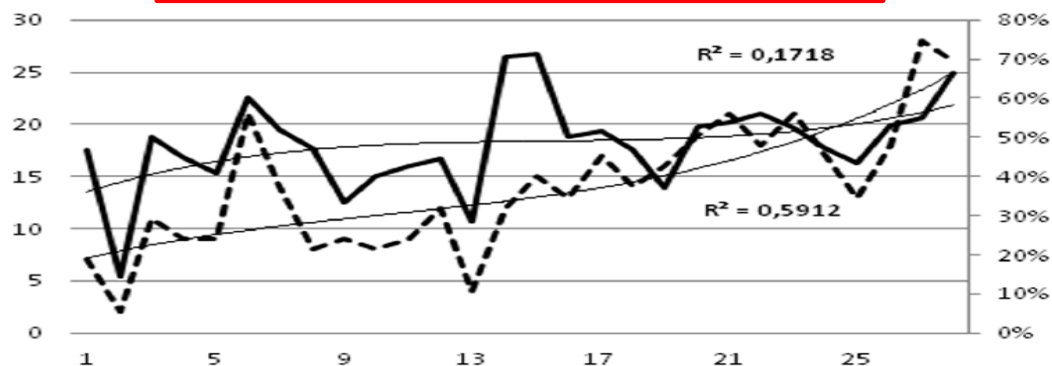
Number of cases by trimester

Percentage declaring unprotected sexual intercourse

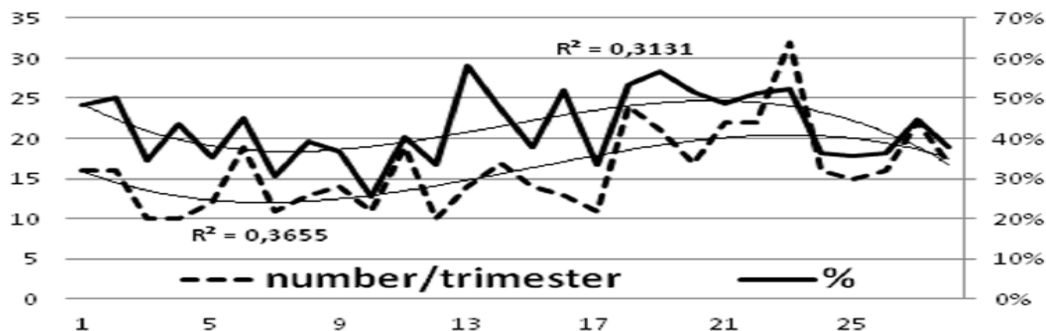
Sexual intercourse without condom use. All patients (n= 1851)



Sexual intercourse without condom use. MSM (n= 788)



Sexual intercourse without condom use. Heterosexuals (n= 1063)



Study period (by trimester number)

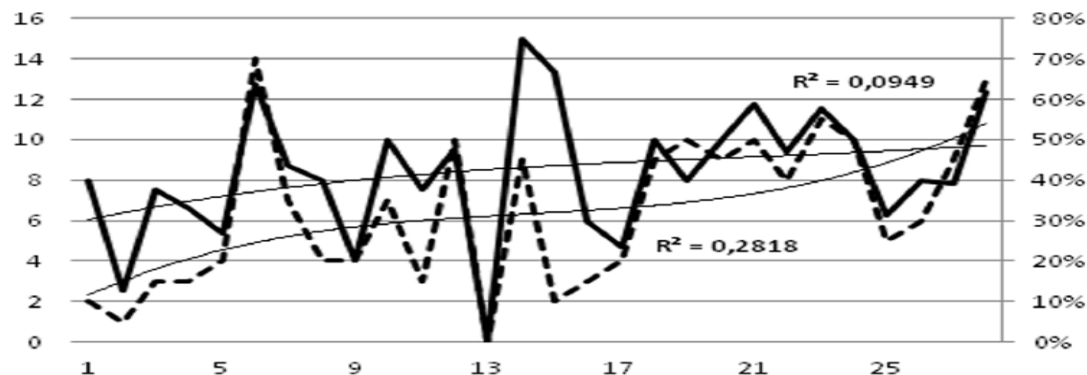
--- number/trimester

— %

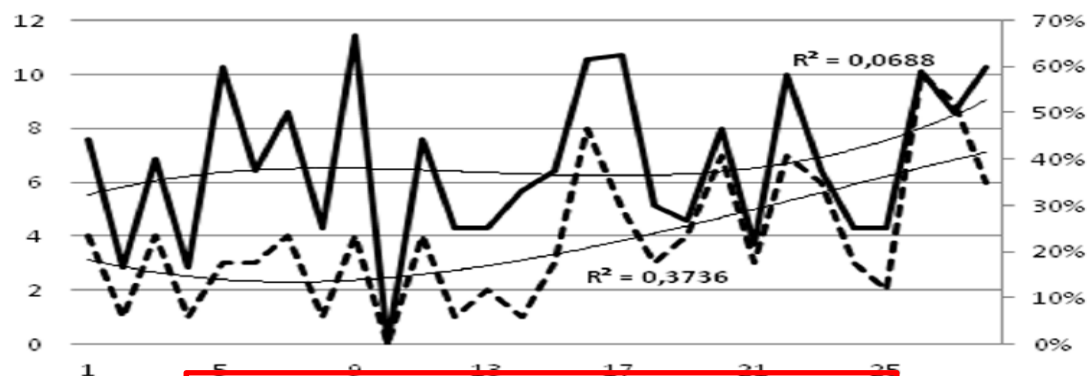
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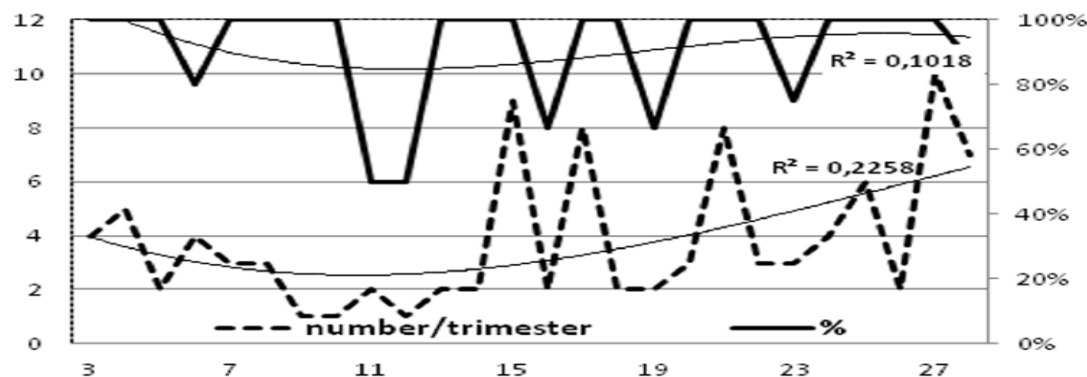
**Anal receptive intercours among MSM (n= 411)**



**Anal insertive intercourse among MSM (n= 267)**



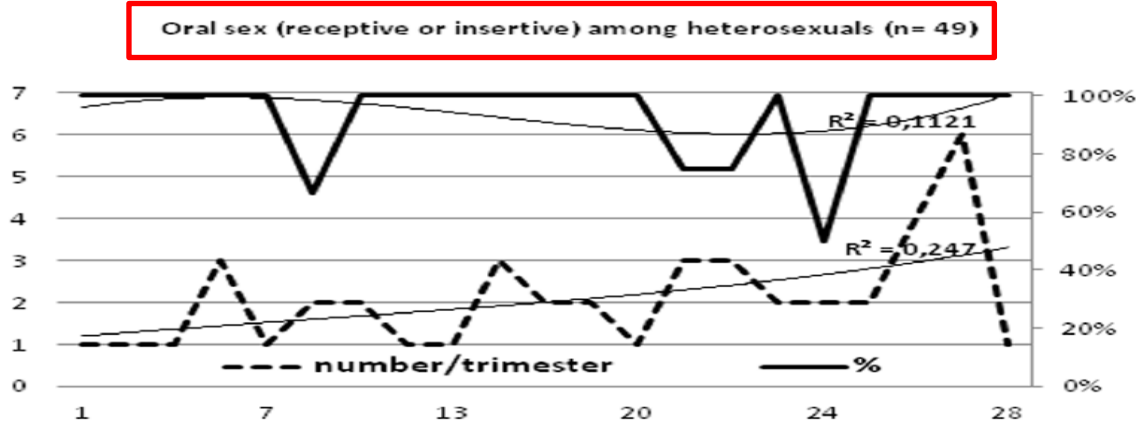
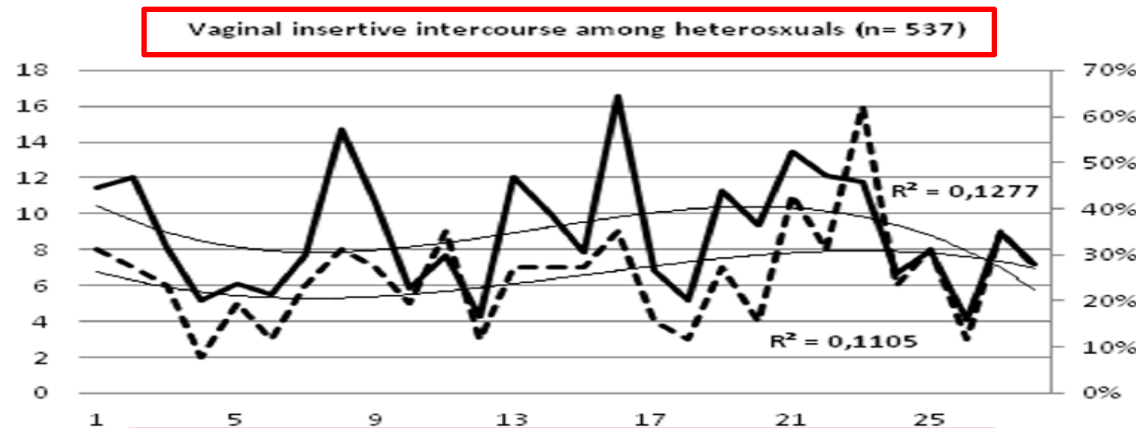
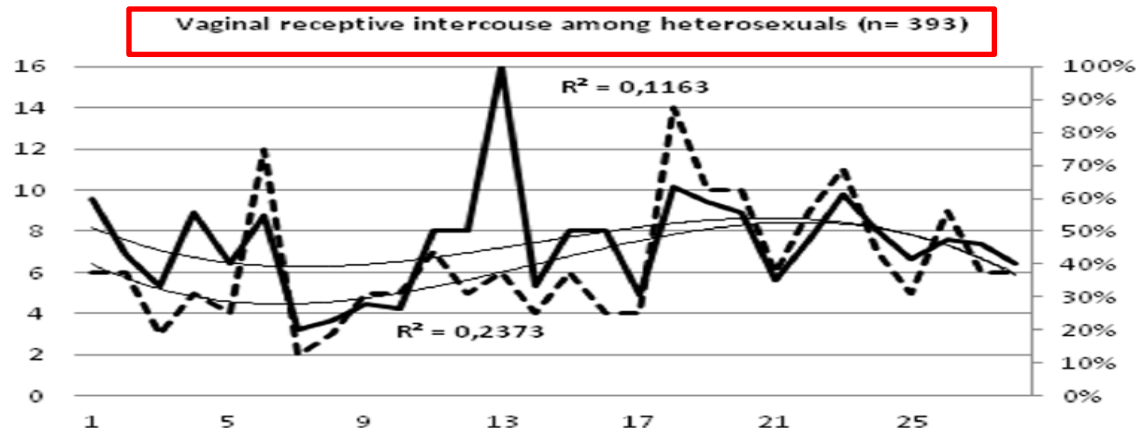
**Oral sex (receptive or insertive) among MSM (n= 107)**



Study period (by trimester number)



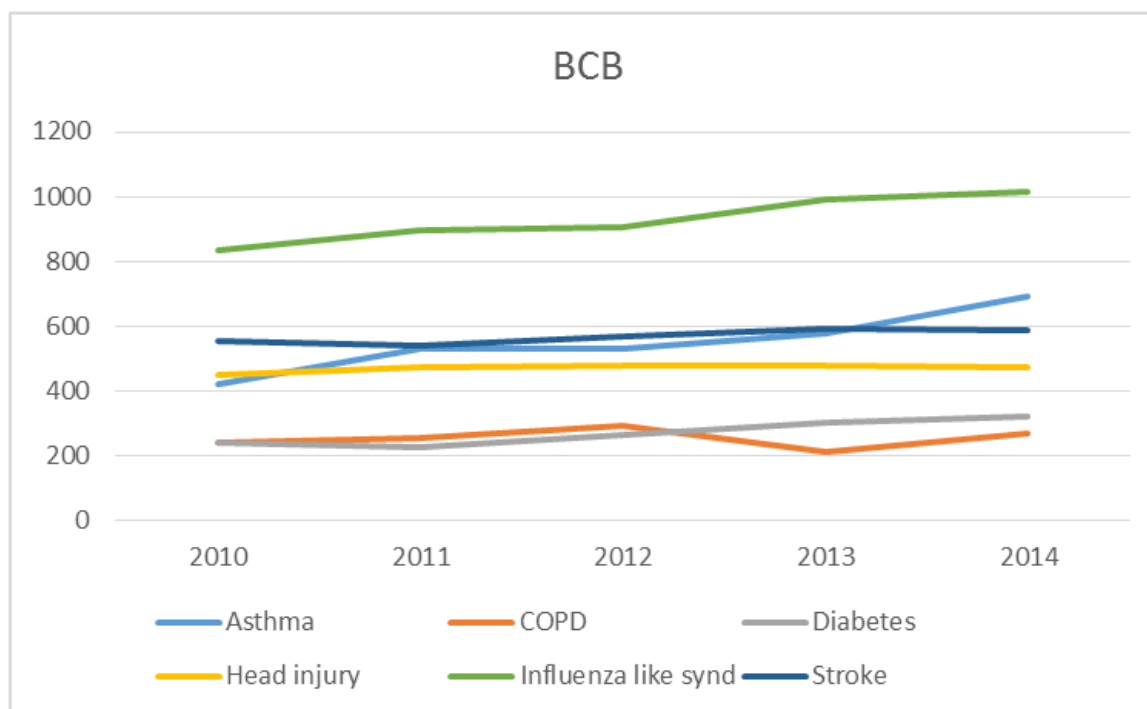
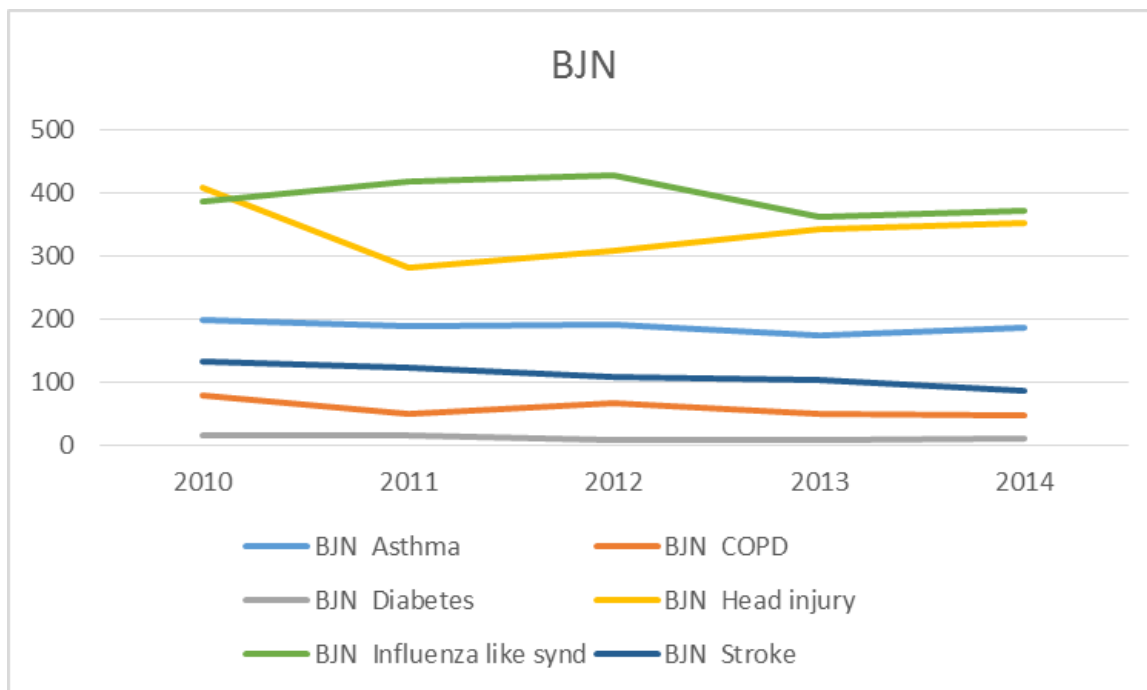
Number of cases by trimester



Study period (by trimester number)

Percentage declaring unprotected se







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## Short Communication

# An evaluation of hospital attractiveness and primary care availability leading to increasing emergency department visits



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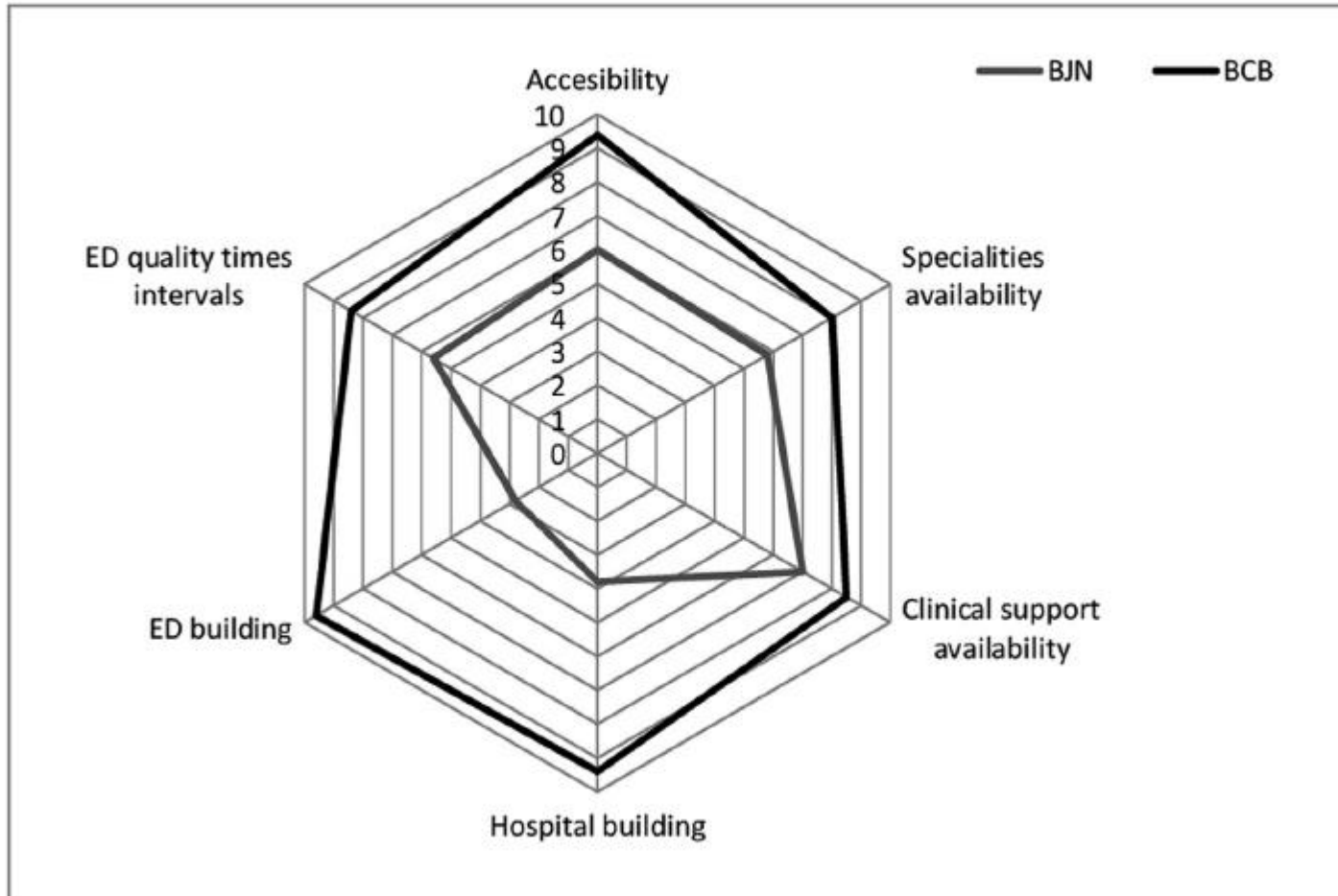
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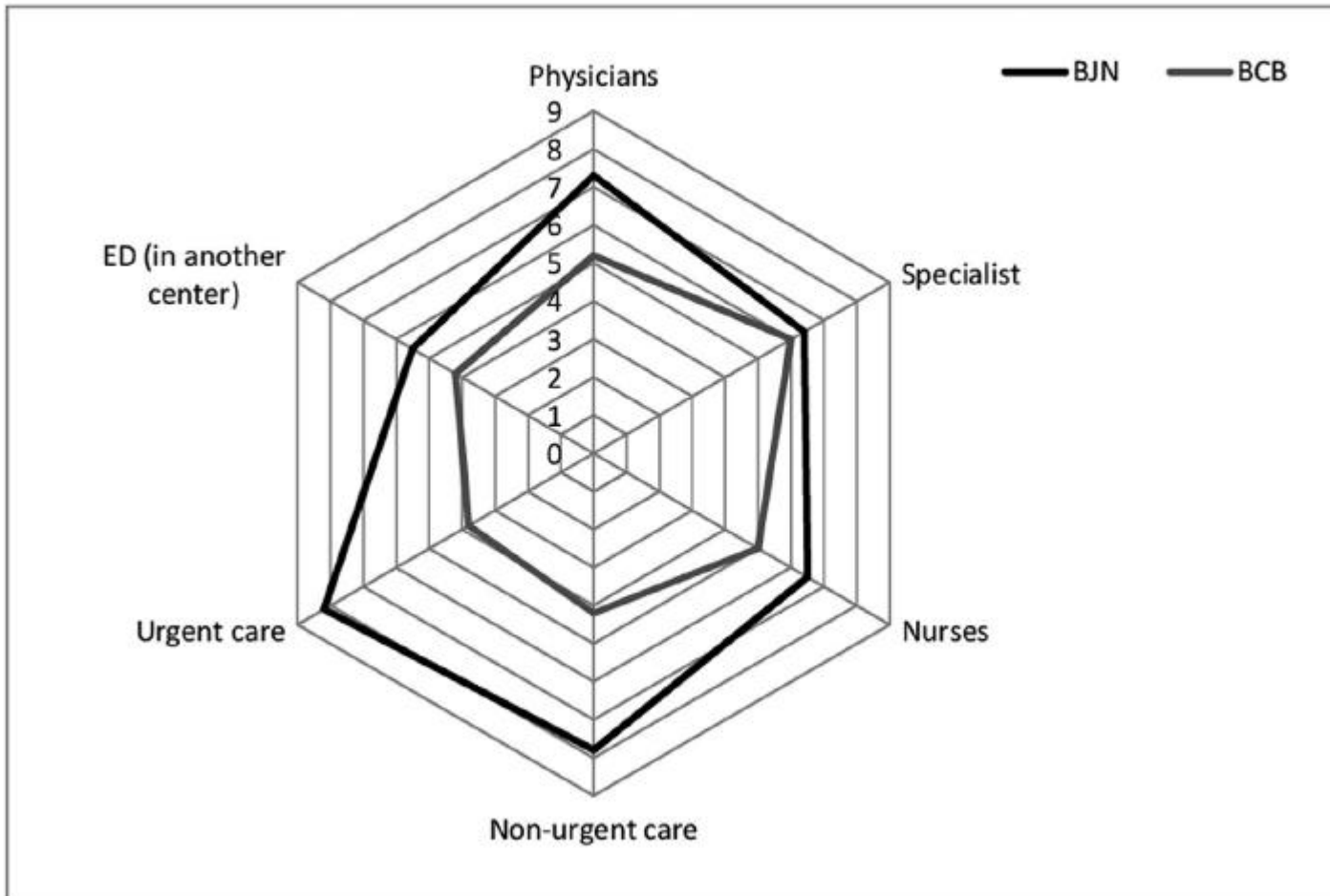


## Emergency Department and Hospital attractiveness evaluation



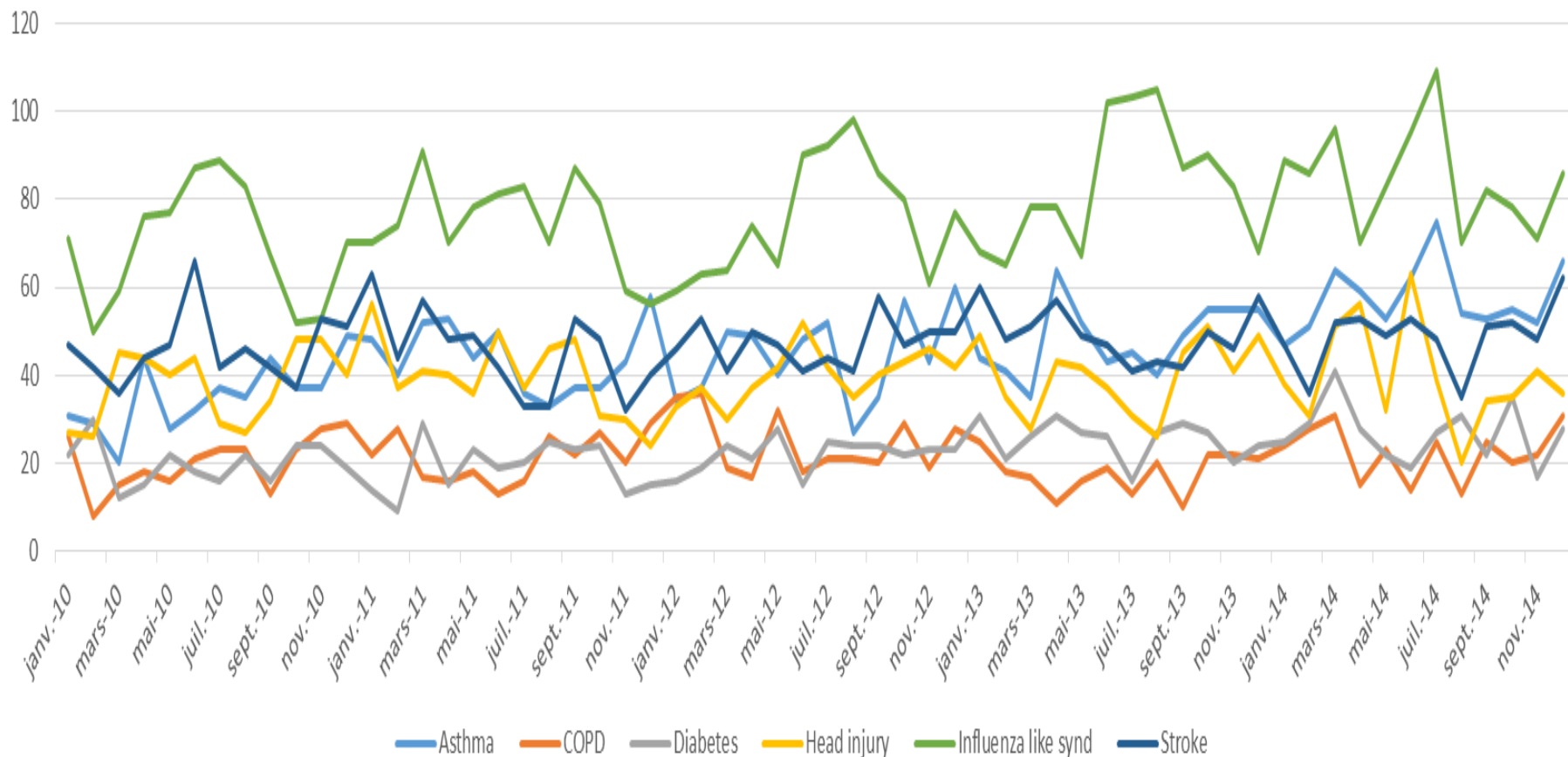


## Primary care availability evaluation





## Saisonalité BCB



# Les défis à relever

## Qualité de l'accueil

**Attitude – Confidentialité - Empathie**  
**Triage**  
**Délais de Prise en charge (IAO, Médecin)**

## Qualité de la prescription

**Capacité à récupérer les informations pertinentes**  
**TROD aux urgences**  
**Respect des recommandations**  
**Facteurs associés à la prescription de la PPE**

## Performance

**Délai arrivée-administration du traitement**  
**Adéquation du tx prescrit à la situation du patient**  
**Orientation dans une filière adaptée**

# Les défis à relever

**Qualité de l'information**

**Déroulement des soins**  
**Médicaments – Interactions médicamenteuses**  
**Counseling (Urgences-SMIT)**

**Qualité/performance  
de la filière de soins**

**% de patients traités**  
**% de patients sous traitement à 7, 14, 21, 28 jours**  
**% de patients vus en CS SMIT à 48h, 30, 60, 90 jours**

**Indicateurs autres**

**Tolérance du traitement**  
**Satisfaction du patient à chaque étape du processus  
(accueil, IAO, Médecin, Pharmacie, SMIT, ...)**  
**Efficacité??**  
**Retour aux urgences pour AES??**